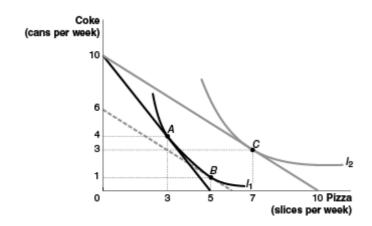
Individual and Market Demand Curves



- 1) Refer to the figure above. A decrease in the price of pizza slices is best represented by:
 - A) The shift of the budget line, from the solid line to the dashed line, and the move from *C* to *B*.
 - (B) The outward shift of the budget line along the horizontal axis and the move from A to C.
 - \overline{C}) The move from A to B along the indifference curve I_1 .
 - D) The inward shift of the budget line along the horizontal axis and the move from *C* to *A*.
- 2) In the figure above, the price of a slice of pizza is \$4. How much is the consumer's weekly income?
 - A) \$10.

(B)\\$20

C) \$50

- D) \$12
- 3) Refer to the figure above. Let *X* be slices of pizza and *Y* be cokes. The move from 3*X*, 4*Y* to 7*X*, 3*Y* is caused by:
 - A) a change in the preference for pizza.
- B) a decrease in income.
- (C) a decrease in the price of a slice of pizza.
- D) a decrease in the price of coke.
- 4) Refer to the figure above. Let *X* be slices of pizza and *Y* be cokes. The combination (3*X*, 4*Y*) is optimal when the price of a slice of pizza is \$4. Which two points exist on the individual's demand curve?
 - A) (3X, 4Y) and (7X, 3Y)

(B) (3X, \$4) and (7X, \$2)

C) (5*X*, \$4) and (10*X* and \$2)

- D) (3X, \$4) and (4Y, \$4)
- 5) Refer to the figure above. The individual's demand curve for pizza slices shows:
 - A) the optimal combination of pizza slices and coke that can be purchased with a given income.
 - B) the combinations of pizza slices and coke that are affordable and exhaust the entire budget.
 - (C) the quantity of pizza slices purchased weekly at various prices per slice.
 - D) the maximum quantity of pizza slices that can be purchased with a given income.
- 6) Refer to the figure above. The weekly market demand curve for pizza slices is derived by:
 - A) indicating the quantities of pizza slices demanded at various levels of income.
 - (B) adding the quantities of pizza slices demanded by all consumers at each price level.
 - C) adding the prices of pizza slices corresponding to various quantities of pizza demanded.
 - D) multiplying price times quantity demanded for each consumer and obtaining the total revenue.